

Supplementary file S6

Coefficients of model parameters for *Picea abies* and *Larix decidua* at site Aschau

Table A6. Coefficients of model parameters for *Picea abies* and *Larix decidua* at site Aschau

Variable	Asymptote	Inflection	Scale Par.
	<i>a</i>	Pt. <i>b</i>	<i>c</i>
0	0.37	99.02	37.94
Pa_Mi	<i>0.32</i>	-5.63	-0.49
Ld	-0.17	1.75	<i>-16.12</i>
P10	-0.16	<i>-24.55</i>	<i>18.87</i>
0_Pa_Mi	-0.12	<i>18.65</i>	-12.94
P10_Ld	⁻¹⁾	⁻¹⁾	⁻¹⁾
P90	0.16	4.33	-4.95
P90_Pa_Mi	-0.23	0.38	1.28
P90_Ld	-0.14	-2.86	2.87
y18	<i>-0.19</i>	<i>-28.22</i>	<i>-20.97</i>
y18_Pa_Mi	0.00	<i>17.85</i>	5.83
y18_Ld	0.11	0.66	4.81
y18_P10	0.01	-3.17	<i>-11.87</i>
y18_P90	0.05	-0.24	6.86

Note: Dummy-categorical fixed effects with regard to different tree species are abbreviated as **0** (50th percentile of *Picea abies* in monospecific stands in year 2019), **Pa** (50th percentile of *Picea abies* in mixed stands in year 2019), **Ld** (50th percentile of *Larix decidua* in mixed and monospecific stands in year 2019). Categories of varying social status are named as **P10** (10th percentile of diameter distribution), **P90** (90th percentile of diameter distribution). The variation between reference year (2019) and **y18** year 2018 is also used in the interactions. Significant parameter estimates according to Wald tests using $\alpha = 5\%$ level are indicated by italic typeface.

¹⁾All *Larix decidua* trees representing the 10th percentile showed no growth and were therefore excluded in the model.